

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2023

PLUMAS LAKE, CALIFORNIA

JUNE 30, 2023

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
David Villanueva	President	December 2024
Michelle Perrault	Vice President	December 2024
Angela Covil	Member	December 2026
Aaron Cask	Member	December 2026
Veronica Brown	Member	December 2026

ADMINISTRATION

Jeff Roberts, Ed. D.

Superintendent

Ajit Kang

Director of Business Services

ORGANIZATION

The Plumas Lake Elementary School District (the "District") is located in the southwest portion of Yuba County (the "County") and includes a portion of the incorporated area of the City of Marysville, and a small portion of the town of Arboga, an adjacent unincorporated territory (no changes noted). The District may have been formed in 1860, and is located approximately 40 miles from downtown Sacramento, and about 85 miles from San Francisco. U.S. Highway 70 passes through the District and is a connector between Sacramento, Yuba and Butte Counties. U.S. Interstate 5, the principal north-south highway connecting the Pacific coastal states, is located approximately 25 miles west of the District. The District currently operates two elementary schools for grades K-5 and one intermediate school for grades 6-8.



TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2023

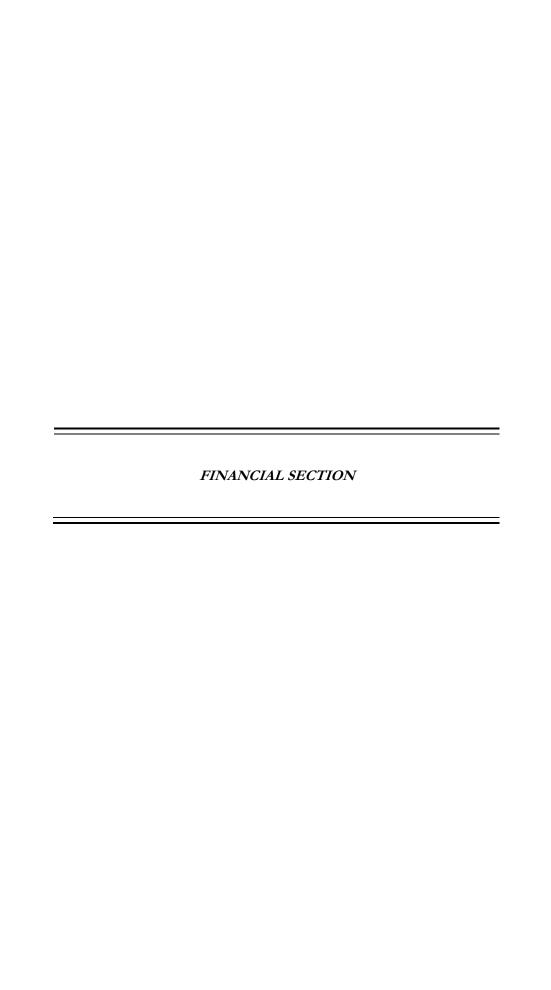
FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5 -
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14 -
Statement of Activities	15 -
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds – Balance Sheets	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheets to the Statement of Net Position	18 -
Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	20 -
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Bal	
to the Statement of Activities	
Notes to the Financial Statements	24 -
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	53 -
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Contributions	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	56 -
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	59 -
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	61 -
Schedule of Instructional Time	62 -
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	64 -
Schedule of Charter Schools	
Combining Statements – Non-major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Note to Supplementary Information	68 -

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER AUDITOR'S REPORT

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting as Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Gove</i> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program	ernment Auditing Standards 73 -
in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance	75 -
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance	79 -
Summary of Auditors' Results	
	85 -
Financial Statement Findings	86 -
Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	- 86 -
Financial Statement Findings	- 86 -







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plumas Lake Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Plumas Lake Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plumas Lake Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Plumas Lake Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Plumas Lake Elementary School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Plumas Lake Elementary School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- * Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ❖ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- ❖ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Plumas Lake Elementary School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules, and other postemployment schedules on pages 5–13 and 53–56, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Plumas Lake Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The following schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements:

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") requires a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards ("SEFA").

2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting requires:

- ❖ LEA Organization Structure
- ❖ Schedule of ADA
- Schedule of Instructional Time
- Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
- * Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
- Schedule of Charter Schools

The above listed schedules are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the above mentioned schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Financial Report

Management is responsible for the other information in the Annual Financial Report. The other information comprises the Combining Statements of Non-Major Governmental Funds but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023 on our consideration of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 15, 2023

Plumas Lake Elementary School District

Each student will reach their fullest potential as we strive for district excellence through sound leadership, effective communication, accountability, and investment in our staff.

- Cobblestone Elementary (X-5)
- Rio Del Oro Elementary (X-5)
- Riverside Meadows Intermediate (6-8)

Dr. Jeff Roberts, Superintendent

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

This section of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position was \$27.5 million at June 30, 2023. This was an increase of \$4.6 million over the prior net position.
- Overall expenses were \$25.7 million, which was less than revenue of \$30.3 million.
- The net cost of the District's programs was \$13.5 million.
- The general fund reported an increase in fund balance this year of \$2.4 million, which included an increase in of revenue as well as LCFF/State Aid, State lottery funds as follows:
 - One-time money as well as various state funding increased.
 - Lottery per ADA increased

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financials Section

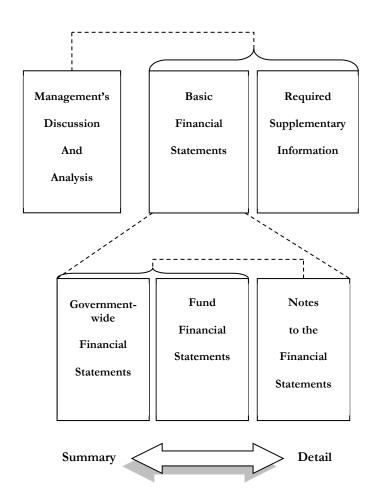
This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

Figure A-1
Required Components of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's Annual Financial Report

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.

- The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services like were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.



The next page summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Major Features of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District government (except	The activities of the District that are not
	fiduciary funds) and the District's component units	fiduciary.
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position 	❖ Balance sheet
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and economic	Modified accrual accounting and current
measurement focus	resources focus	financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial	Only assets expected to be used up and
information	and capital, and short-term and long-term	liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

District-wide Statements. The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants/Mello Roos.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like federal grants).

Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at yearend that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

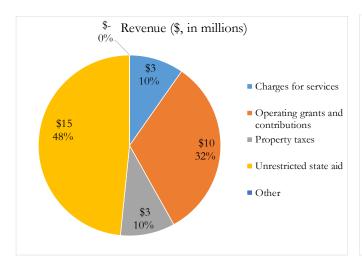
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

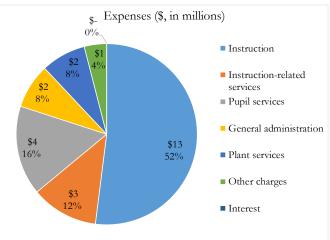
Net position. The District's net position increased on June 30, 2023. Most of this improvement in the District's financial position came from construction in progress for addition of portables and modular at the elementary school sites. The District also purchased a vehicle, as special education transportation needs have increased.

Table 1 - Net Position

(\$ Amounts in millions)	2023	2022	\$ Change %	6 Change
Current and other assets	\$ 20.2	\$ 18.2	\$ 2.0	11%
Capital assets	34.5	35.4	(0.9)	-3%
Total Assets	54.7	53.6	1.1	2%
Deferred outflows of resources	6.7	5.5	1.2	22%
Current liabilities	2.6	4.9	(2.3)	-47%
Non-current liabilities	30.1	25.0	5.1	20%
Total Liabilities	32.7	29.9	2.8	9%
Deferred inflows of resources	1.2	6.3	(5.1)	-81%
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	19.6	18.7	0.9	5%
Restricted	13.7	9.4	4.3	46%
Unrestricted - (Deficit)	(5.8)	(5.2)	(0.6)	12%
Total Net Position	\$ 27.5	\$ 22.9	\$ 4.6	20%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023





Changes in net position. The District's change in activity is a result of an increase in one-time funding from the State.

Table 2 - Net Position

Table 2 - 1	101	I OSILIOI			
(\$ Amounts in millions)		2023	2022	\$ Change %	Change
Program revenue					
Charges for services	\$	2.7	\$ 2.9	\$ (0.2)	-7%
Operating grants and contributions		9.6	4.8	4.8	100%
General revenue					
Property taxes		2.9	2.9	-	0%
Unrestricted state aid		15.1	11.8	3.3	28%
Other		-	0.0	-	n/a
Total Revenue		30.3	22.4	7.9	35%
Expenses					
Instruction		13.4	8.8	4.6	52%
Instruction-related services		2.5	1.8	0.7	39%
Pupil services		3.9	2.4	1.5	63%
General administration		1.9	1.5	0.4	27%
Plant services		2.4	1.8	0.6	33%
Other charges		1.2	2.7	(1.5)	-56%
Interest		0.4	0.6	(0.2)	-33%
Total Expenses		25.7	19.6	6.1	31%
Increase in net position	\$	4.6	\$ 2.8	\$ 1.8	64%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Activities

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the District's five largest programs—instruction and instruction related, student services, plant services—and all others, as well as each program's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 - Net Cost of Governmental Activity

		Tot	al Cos	of	Service	Net Cost of Services					
(\$ Amounts in	millions)	2	2023		2022	2023		2022	% Change		
Instruction		\$	13.4	\$	8.8	\$ 7.6	\$	6.8	12%		
Instruction-related services			2.5		1.8	2.0		1.6	25%		
Pupil services			3.9		2.4	0.8		0.4	100%		
General administration			1.9		1.5	1.4		(0.9)	-256%		
Plant services			2.4		1.8	2.0		1.7	18%		
Other			1.6		3.2	(0.3)		2.2	-114%		
Total		\$	25.7	\$	19.5	\$ 13.5	\$	11.8	14%		

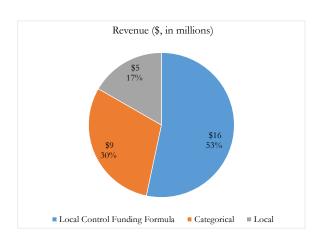
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

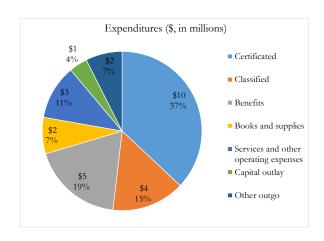
As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported *combined* fund balances of \$18.6 million, above last year's ending fund balances of \$14.1 million. The District saw an increase in one-time funding, such as the Arts, Music, and Instructional Materials Block Grant, Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant, Kitchen Infrastructure & Training, and Universal Prekindergarten Implementation Grant.

Table 4 - Governmental Funds' Performance

(\$ Amounts in millions)	2023	2022	% Change
REVENUES			
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 16.4	\$ 13.0	26%
Categorical	8.6	4.7	83%
Local	5.3	5.5	-4%
Total Revenues	30.3	23.2	105%
EXPENDITURES			
Certificated	9.6	7.9	22%
Classified	3.8	2.9	31%
Benefits	5.4	4.4	23%
Books and supplies	1.7	1.2	42%
Services and other operating expenses	2.6	2.0	30%
Capital outlay	1.1	3.6	-69%
Other outgo	1.6	1.9	-16%
Total Expenditures	25.8	23.9	n/a
Net financing activities	-	0.2	n/a
NET CHANGE IN			
FUND BALANCE	\$ 4.5	\$ (0.5)	n/a

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023





General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School Board revised the District budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories:

- Revisions were made in August based on the enacted Budget Act and reflect adjustments for staffing, the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program, and other operating expenditures.
- Amendments and supplemental appropriations approved in December (First Interim) to reflect final staffing, carryover in Federal categorical funding, and local revenue and the actual beginning account balances (correcting the estimated amounts in the budget adopted in June 2022).
- * Revision were made in January to reflect a 9.5 percent salary increase for certificated PLTA unit members.
- Revisions in the Second Interim are to account for the a 9.5 percent salary increase for certificated Administrative unit member and all classified CSEA, Classified Management and Confidential unit members.

Revisions were made in April to increase LCFF revenue based on an increase in average daily attendance (ADA) and to adjust for other operating expenditures.

Table 5 - General Fund and Budget Performance

Table 3 - Gel	псі	ai Tullu	am	u Duuge	t i ciioiiiiai	ice				
	General Fund Activity General Fund Bud									
					9/0				%	
					Differenc	Original	Fina	al	Differenc	
(\$ Amounts in millions)		2023		2022	e	Budget	Budg	get	e	
REVENUES										
Local Control Funding Formula	\$	16.2	\$	12.8	27%	\$ 13.6	\$ 1	15.9	-14%	
Categorical		6.7		3.5	91%	2.6		6.3	-59%	
Local		1.5		1.4	7%	1.4		1.6	-13%	
Total Revenues		24.4		17.7	38%	17.6	2	23.8	-26%	
EXPENDITURES										
Salaries and benefits		18.3		14.7	24%	15.7	1	18.7	-16%	
Supplies and services		2.9		2.0	45%	2.3		3.2	-28%	
Other		0.9		0.8	13%	0.5		0.6	-17%	
Total Expenditures		22.1		17.5	26%	18.5	2	22.5	-18%	
Net financing activities		-		0.1	-100%	-		-	n/a	
NET CHANGE IN										
FUND BALANCE	\$	2.3	\$	0.3	667%	\$ (0.9)) \$	1.3	-169%	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Change in capital assets are a result of additional construction (construction in progress) and completion of new modulars and a new vehicle.

Table 6 - Capital Assets

(\$ Amounts in millions)	2	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change
Land and construction in progress	\$	5.4	\$ 8.9	\$ (3.5)	-39%
Buildings and equipment		60.5	55.9	4.6	8%
Accumulated depreciation		(31.4)	(29.4)	(2.0)	7%
Total Capital Assets	\$	34.5	\$ 35.4	\$ (0.9)	-3%

Long-term Debt. Change in debt is a result of a significant increase in pension liabilities (as of the measurement date).

Table 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

(\$ Amounts in millions)	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change
Net pension liabilities	\$ 14.8	\$ 9.0	\$ 5.8	64%
Net OPEB	0.1	0.1	-	0%
Compensated absences	0.2	0.1	0.1	100%
Certificates of participation	7.8	8.3	(0.5)	-6%
Capital leases	1.7	1.8	(0.1)	-6%
Lease revenue bonds	3.6	3.8	(0.2)	-5%
Other long-term liabilities	2.7	2.7	-	0%
Less current portion	(0.8)	(0.8)	-	0%
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 30.1	\$ 25.0	\$ 5.1	20%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

- The District has experienced growth in enrollment in recent years, and will need a fourth school.
- ❖ The District used 2022-2023 P2 ADA to project revenue for the budget year; however, the District expects growth in the budget year..
- Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) employer contributions increased in the budget year and will increase in subsequent years as rates increase. The State did not provide relief in one-time funding to school districts, as has been the case in prior years.
- ❖ The State did provide a 8.22 percent COLA to the LCFF.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2023-24.

Amounts available for appropriation in the General fund budget are \$23.6 million, a slight decrease of 4 percent over the 2022-23 General fund revenue of \$24.6 million. The District received about \$2.2 million in one-time funding in 2022-2023 that will be used in 2023-24 and subsequent years to maintain programs that were implemented in 2021-22.

Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase about 6.7 percent to \$23.6 million. The District has one-time funding to address student needs (learning loss, social-emotional needs, safety needs) in 2023-24. The District also has one-time expenditures in the 2023-24 budget that will not carry forward to subsequent years. District staff will continuously monitor the budget throughout the year and make adjustments accordingly.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for money it receives. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Dr. Jeff Roberts, Superintendent or Ajit Kang, Director of Business Services, 2743 Plumas School Road, Plumas Lake, CA 95961, (530) 743-4428.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

(\$ Am		vernmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$	18,342
Accrued receivables		1,833
Prepaid expenditures		58
Non-depreciable capital assets		5,411
Depreciable capital assets		29,070
Total Assets		54,714
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		6,739
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	61,453
LIABILITIES		
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,660
Unearned revenue	ф	1,000
Non-current liabilities, current portion		789
Non-current liabilities, non-current portion		30,181
Total Liabilities		32,782
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,184
NET POSITION		1,101
Net investment in capital assets		19,578
Restricted for		,
Capital projects		6,459
Debt service		3,044
Educational programs		4,238
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(5,832)
Total Net Position		27,487
TOTAL LIABILITIES,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	61,453

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

						Rev	Net epenses) enue and anges in
(\$ Amoun	its in thousands)		Program	Reve	nues	Net	Position
				$\mathbf{o}_{\mathbf{f}}$	erating		
		Cł	narges for	Gra	ants and	Gove	ernmental
Function/Programs	Expenses	9	Services	Cont	ributions	Ac	tivities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Instruction	\$ 13,371	\$	1,257	\$	4,531	\$	(7,583)
Instruction - Related services							
Supervision of instruction and administration	694		-		68		(626)
Instructional library, media, and technology	267		-		3		(264)
School administration	1,547		140		309		(1,098)
Pupil Services							
Transportation	656		-		2		(654)
Food services	1,500		8		2,092		600
All other pupil services	1,710		52		961		(697)
General Administration							
Data processing services	304		-		31		(273)
All other general administration	1,609		206		269		(1,134)
Plant services	2,410		27		374		(2,009)
Ancillary services	799		-		684		(115)
Other debt service costs	370		-		-		(370)
Transfers to other agencies	493		967		256		730
Total Governmental Activities	25,730		2,657		9,580		(13,493)
	General revo	enue	S				
	Taxes and	sub	ventions				
	Propert	y tax	es, levied fo	r gene	ral purposes		1,866
	Propert	y tax	es, levied fo	r debt	service		1,005
	Federal	and	state aid not	restri	cted for		
	specific	pur	poses				15,093
	Interest an	nd in	vestment ear	nings/	(loss)		(275)
	Miscellane	ous					423
	Subtotal, C	ene	ral Revenu	e			18,112
	CHANGE	IN	NET POS	ITIO	N		4,619
	Net Position	on -	Beginning				22,868
	Net Position	on -	Ending			\$	27,487

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2023

					Del	bt Service for Blended
				Capital	(Component
	Ge	neral Fund	Facilities Fund		1	Unit Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and equivalents	\$	7,569,253	\$	6,505,938	\$	3,039,902
Accrued receivables		1,253,250		41,800		20,200
Due from other funds		129,708		-		-
Prepaid expenditures		57,940		-		_
Total Assets		9,010,151		6,547,738		3,060,102
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,010,151	\$	6,547,738	\$	3,060,102
LIABILITIES						
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,491,240	\$	9,571	\$	-
Due to other funds		224,180		79,371		16,100
Unearned revenue		152,404		-		
Total Liabilities		1,867,824		88,942		16,100
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable		63,040		-		-
Restricted		3,157,206		6,458,796		3,044,002
Committed		645,424		-		-
Assigned		2,089,396		-		-
Unassigned		1,187,261		-		
Total Fund Balance		7,142,327		6,458,796		3,044,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	9,010,151	\$	6,547,738	\$	3,060,102

Non-Major			Total	
Go	overnmental	G	overnmental	
Funds			Funds	
\$	1,226,673	\$	18,341,766	
	517,653		1,832,903	
	224,180		353,888	
	-		57,940	
	1,968,506		20,586,497	
\$	1,968,506	\$	20,586,497	
	28,155		1,528,966	
	34,237		353,888	
	-		152,404	
	62,392		2,035,258	
	500		63,540	
	1,080,464		13,740,468	
	823,299		1,468,723	
	1,851		2,091,247	
	_		1,187,261	
	1,906,114		18,551,239	
\$	1,968,506	\$	20,586,497	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' BALANCE SHEETS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

(\$ Amounts in thousands)

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 18,551

Amounts reported for assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost: \$ 65,923

Accumulated depreciation: (31,442) 34,481

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(131)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' BALANCE SHEETS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Long torm	l ₄ O	h	4140C*
Long-term	ша	UП	uucs.
0		-	

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Net Pension Liability (Asset)	14,845	
Net OPEB Obligation	61	
Compensated absences payable	236	
Certificates of participation payable	7,834	
Capital leases payable	1,700	
Mello Roos Special Tax Bond	3,621	
Other general long-term debt	2,673	
Deferred loss on debt refunding_	(559)	(30,411)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

T-4-1 NI-4 D141-	Consumerated Astinition	dr.	27.407
	Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions		(1,184)

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities:

\$ 27,487

6,181

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	G ₆	eneral Fund	Capital Facilities Fun	Debt Service for Blended Component d Unit Fund
REVENUES		inciai i ana	T delittles T diff	d Cint I tille
LCFF sources	\$	16,182,584	\$	- \$
Federal sources	"	1,954,284	"	
Other state sources		4,740,662		_
Other local sources		1,587,286	2,598,80	983,374
Total Revenues		24,464,816	2,598,80	983,374
EXPENDITURES		, ,		,
Current				
Instruction		12,659,138		
Instruction - Related services				
Supervision of instruction and administration		641,346		
Instructional library, media, and technology		247,256		
School administration		1,441,191		
Pupil Services				
Transportation		732,580		
Food services		60,728		
All other pupil services		1,540,960		
General Administration				
Data processing services		279,739		
All other general administration		1,283,007	174,90	- 00
Plant services		1,967,241		
Ancillary services		571,483		
Transfers to other agencies		492,946		
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	934,03	-
Debt service				
Interest		58,816	185,48	72,084
Principal		125,343	461,00	244,909
Total Expenditures		22,101,774	1,755,41	7 316,993
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		2,363,042	843,38	666,381
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		16,100	238,37	- '5
Transfers out		-		- (254,475)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		16,100	238,37	(254,475)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,379,142	1,081,76	411,906
Beginning balance		4,763,185	5,377,03	2,632,096
Ending balance	\$	7,142,327	\$ 6,458,79	3,044,002

Non-Major			Total
Governmenta	ıl	(Governmental
Funds			Funds
\$ 221,0	18	\$	16,403,602
839,49	96		2,793,780
1,071,97	76		5,812,638
169,3	51		5,338,817
2,301,8	41		30,348,837
	-		12,659,138
	-		641,346
	-		247,256
	-		1,441,191
	-		732,580
1,338,9	75		1,399,703
	-		1,540,960
	-		279,739
34,23			1,492,144
188,850			2,156,091
179,6	49		751,132
	-		492,946
	-		934,030
	-		316,383
	-		831,256
1,741,7			25,915,895
560,13	30		4,432,942
	-		254,475
	-		(254,475)
	-		
560,13	30		4,432,942
1,345,98	34		14,118,297
\$ 1,906,1	14	\$	18,551,239

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(\$ Amounts in thousands)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

4,433

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 1,122

Depreciation expense: (2,047) (925)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

833

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, Continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it
becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the

period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(42)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated

(146)

Pensions:

In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. in the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

466

Postemployment benefits other than pensions ("OPEB"):

In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

12

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of debt issue premium or discount, or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, for the period is:

(12)

Change in net position of Governmental Activities

4,619

\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1 - A. Description of Financial Statements

Education Code §41010 requires Plumas Lake Elementary School District, or a local educational agencies ("LEA"), to follow the definitions, instructions, and procedures in the California School Accounting Manual. The manual provides accounting policies and procedures, as well as guidance in implementing those policies and procedures, which include basis of accounting, revenue and expenditure recognition, fund types, types of transactions, methods of posting transactions, including adjusting entries, documentation required to substantiate certain transactions, year-end closing process, including the recording of accruals and deferrals.

1 - B. Financial Reporting Entity

The Plumas Lake Elementary School District was established in 1883, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K – 8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Plumas Lake Elementary School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

1 - C. Blended Component Unit

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and thus are included in the financial statements of the District. The component units, although legally separate entities, are reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component units is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because their purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

The Plumas Lake Elementary School District 2016 Lease Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of California. The Corporation was formed to provide financing assistance to the District for the construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion of the subject transactions, the District intends to occupy the Corporation's facilities under a lease, purchase agreement effective through the year 2044. At the end of the lease term, title of the Corporation's property will pass to the District for no additional consideration. The financial activity for the Corporation is presented in the financial statements as the part of the Capital Facilities Fund.

The District has determined that Community Facilities District No. 1 and No. 2 meet the criteria as a component unit and therefore are presented in the Districts general-purpose financial statements. The Community Facilities Districts were established to issue Mello-Roos Bonds as described in Note 8 - B. The Community Facilities District is reported as Funds 49 and 52 and does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

1 - D. Related Organizations

Joint Powers Authority ("JPA"). The District is associated with three JPAs. These organizations do not meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit of the District. Additional information is presented in Note 13 to the financial statements. These organizations are, Tri-County Schools Insurance Group (TCSIG) and Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF).

1 - E. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government ("the District") and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund. This is the chief operating fund for all LEAs. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of an LEA. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Capital Facilities Fund. This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code* §17620–§17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code* §65970–§65981) or private agreements between the LEA and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund (Fund 25) is restricted to that fund (*Government Code* §66006).

Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units. This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the LEA under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (*Government Code* §53311 et seq.) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" ("CFD") for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Student Activity Special Revenue Fund. This fund may be used by authorizing LEAs to account separately for the associated student body ("ASB") activities of LEA that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing LEA's general fund. The student body accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code* §48930–§48938).

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund. This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* §38090–§38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund (Fund 13) shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the LEA's food service program (*Education Code* §38091 and §38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund. This fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* §17582).

Capital Project Funds. Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of general fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* §42840). This fund may also be used to account for any other revenues specifically for capital projects that are not restricted to fund 21, 25, 30, 35, or 49. Other authorized resources that may be deposited to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects (Fund 40) are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code* §17462) and rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit to the fund by the governing board (*Education Code* §41003).

Capital Project Fund for Blended Component Units. This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the LEA under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 (Government Code §53311 et seq.) allows any county, city, special district, school district, or joint powers authority to establish, upon approval of two-thirds of the voters in the district, a "Community Facilities District" ("CFD") for the purpose of selling tax-exempt bonds to finance public improvements and services.

1 - F. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net position use.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Funds. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after year-end. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash. Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF"), property taxes, and grant awards are recorded the same as what is described for Government-Wide Statements. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, early retirement and postemployment healthcare benefits and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Eliminating Internal Activity. Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involve entities external to the District are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds. At year-end, outstanding balances between funds are reported in the fund financial statements. Amounts reported in the funds as Due to or Due from Other Funds are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of net position.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

Estimates. The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1 - G. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position and Fund Balances

Deposits and Investments. The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the Yuba County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at June 30, 2023, based on market prices. The individual funds' portions of the pool's fair value are presented as "Cash in County." Earnings on cash in county are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds quarterly based on the average daily balance of each participating fund.

Fair Value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Acquisition Value. The price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date, or the amount at which a liability could be liquidated with the counterparty at the acquisition date.

Prepaid Items. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Capital Assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$20,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method over the following estimated useful life:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	31
Site Improvements	20 - 30
Equipment	5 - 10

Interfund Balances. On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Compensated Absences. Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion of the liability is not reported separately.

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net positions of both the California State Teacher's Retirement System ("CalSTRS") and California Public Employee Retirement System ("CalPERS") and additions to/deductions from CalSTRS' and CalPERS' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The portion of fund balance reflecting assets not in spendable form, either because they will never convert to cash (such as prepaid items) or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements (such as the revolving account or principal of a permanent endowment).

Restricted – The portion of fund balance representing resources subject to legally enforceable constraints externally imposed either by resource providers (e.g., grantors or creditors) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Committed – The portion of fund balance representing resources whose use is constrained by limitations self-imposed by the LEA through formal action of its highest level of decision-making authority. The constraints can be modified or removed only through the same process by which they were imposed. The action imposing the constraint must be made by the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined at a later date, prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Assigned – The portion of fund balance representing resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes but for which the constraints do not meet the criteria to be reported as restricted or committed. Intent may be established either by the LEA's highest level of decision-making authority or by a designated body or official. Constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance may be imposed at any time before the financial statements are issued. The constraints may be modified or removed by a process less formal than is required to remove constraints that give rise to committed fund balance. In governmental fund types other than the general fund, this is the residual fund balance classification.

Unassigned – In the general fund, residual fund balance in excess of amounts reported in the nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance classifications and net of Reserve for Economic Uncertainties. In all governmental funds including the general fund, the excess of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficits). Assigned amounts must be reduced or eliminated if a deficit exists.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position. Net Position represents the difference of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net Position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The District has related debt outstanding as of June 30, 2023. Net Position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The district-wide financial statements report \$13.7 million of restricted net position.

1 - H. Revenues, Expenditures/Expense

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions. The LCFF and other state apportionments are government mandated non-exchange transactions and are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met. When the annual calculation of the LCFF is made and the District's actual tax receipts, as reported by the county auditor, is subtracted the result determines the annual state aid to which the LEA is entitled. If the difference between the calculated annual state aid and the state aid received on the second principal apportionment is positive a receivable is recorded, and if it is negative a payable is recorded.

The District recognizes property tax revenues actually received as reported on California Department of Education ("CDE")'s Principal Apportionment Data Collection Software, used by county offices of education and county auditors to report school district and county taxes. The District makes no accrual for property taxes receivable as of June 30.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

The District receives grant awards that are "reimbursement type" or "expenditure driven." The eligibility requirements of these awards have not been met until the LEA has made the required expenditures of the grant within the time period specified by the grantor. Revenue is recognized in the period in which the qualifying expenditures are made. Cash received but unspent at the end of the fiscal period is booked as a liability, and revenue is reduced to the amount that has been expended.

The District also receives funds for which they have fulfilled specific eligibility requirements or have provided a particular service. Once the LEAs have provided these services, they have earned the revenue provided. Any unspent money may be carried to the next year to be expended for the same restricted purposes. Revenue is recognized in the period that the service is provided, and any carryover becomes a part of the LEA's ending fund balance.

Unearned Revenue. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures. On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

2 - A. Summary of Deposit and Investment Balances

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	Governmental			
		Activities		
Deposits in financial institutions	\$	55,600		
Cash in county		18,286,158		
Money market		8		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,341,766		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

2 - B. Policies and Practices

	MAX.	MAX % OF		
INVESTMENT TYPE	MATURITY	PORTFOLIO	MIN QUALITY	GOV'T CODE §s
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None	53601(a)
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None	53601(b)
State Obligations— CA And Others	5 years	None	None	53601(d)
CA Local Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None	53601(e)
U.S Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None	53601(f)
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%E	None	53601(g)
Commercial Paper— Non-Pooled Funds	270 days or less	25% of the agency's money	Highest letter and number rating by an NRSRO	53601(h)(2)(C)
Commercial Paper— Pooled Funds	270 days or less	40% of the agency's money	Highest letter and number rating by an NRSRO	53635(a)(1)
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%j	None	53601(i)
Non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	None	53630 et seq.
Placement Service Deposits	5 years	50%к	None	53601.8 and 53635.8
Placement Service Certificates of Deposit	5 years	50%к	None	53601.8 and 53635.8
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None	53601(j)
Reverse Repurchase Agreements and Securities Lending Agreements	92 days	20% of the base value of the portfolio	None	53601(j)
Medium-Term Notes	5 years or less	30%	"A" rating category or its equivalent or better	53601(k)
Mutual Funds And Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	Multiple	53601(I) and 53601.6(b)
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	None	53630 et seq. and 53601(n)
Mortgage Pass–Through and Asset–Backed Securities	5 years or less	20%	"AA" rating category or its equivalent or better	53601(o)
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None	27133
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	None	Multiple	53601(p)
Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF")	N/A	None	None	16429.1
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	N/A	None	None	16340
Supranational Obligations	5 years or less	30%	"AA" rating category or its equivalent or better	53601(q)
Public Bank Obligations	5 years	None	None	53601(r), 53635(c) and 57603

Investment in County Treasury. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code §41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

2 - C. Cash Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. There is a risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District's deposit policy requires that all deposits are covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or are collateralized as required by Statutes of the State. As of June 30, 2023, the bank balances totaled \$74,884, all of which was insured through the FDIC.

	S & P	Maturity	Fair Value	
Investment Type:	Rating	(Days)	Level	Fair Value
Cash in county	A - AA+	214	2	\$ 18,286,158
Money market	NR	1	1	8
			Total	\$ 18,286,166

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – ACCRUED RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

				Non-Major	Total	
				overnmental	Governmental	
	Ger	neral Fund	Funds		Activities	
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$	563,441	\$	247,179	\$	810,620
State Government						
Categorical aid		514,507		261,615		776,122
Lottery		87,645		-		87,645
Local Government						
Interest		50,200		6,900		119,100
Other awards		12,423		-		12,423
Other Local Sources		25,034		1,959		26,993
Total	\$	1,253,250	\$	517,653	\$	1,832,903

All receivables are considered by management collectible in full.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

				Balance				
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	Ju	ıly 01, 2022		Additions	1	Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	5,411	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,411
Construction in progress		3,475		935		4,410		_
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		8,886		935		4,410		5,411
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements	\$	2,430	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,430
Buildings & improvements		51,603		4,41 0		-		56,013
Furniture & equipment		1,788		187		-		1,975
Lease assets		94		-		-		94
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		55,915		4,597		-		60,512
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Land improvements		845		160		-		1,005
Buildings & improvements		27,504		1,762		-		29,266
Furniture & equipment		1,027		106		-		1,133
Lease assets		19		19		-		38
Total Accumulated Depreciation		29,395		2,047		-		31,442
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	\$	26,520	\$	2,550	\$	-	\$	29,070
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	35,406	\$	3,485	\$	4,410	\$	34,481

Depreciation expense: (\$\infty Amounts in thousand	<i>ts)</i>	
Instruction	\$	1,219
Instructional services and administration		68
Instructional library, media, and technology		28
School site administration		136
Home-to-school transportation		87
Food service		64
All other pupil services		157
Centralized data processing		15
All other general administration		84
Plant services		159
Ancillary services		30
Total Depreciation	\$	2,047

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

5 - A. Balances Due to/from Other Funds

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	Due From Other Funds									
	Non-Major									
	Governmental									
Due To Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund		Funds		Total				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	224,180	\$	224,180				
Capital Facilities Fund		79,371		-		79,371				
Debt Service for Blended Component Unit Fund		16,100		-		16,100				
Non-Major Governmental Funds		34,237		224,180		34,237				
Total	\$	129,708	\$	224,180	\$	353,888				
The General Fund owes the Def. Maint. Fund for the	LCFF	transfer			\$	221,018				
The General Fund owes the Cafeteria Fund for progr	am cos	ts				3,162				
The Cafeteria Fund owes the General Fund for indirect	ct costs					34,237				
The Capital Facilities Fund owes the General Fund for			79,371							
The Debt Service for Blended Component Unit Fund	lowes	the General F	und f	or						
refinance charges						16,100				
Total		·			\$	353,888				

5 - B. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	Transfers In From Other Funds							
		Capital Facilities		_				
Transfers Out to Other Funds	General Fund	Fund	To	otal				
Debt Service for Blended Component Unit Fund	\$ 16,100	\$ 238,375	\$	254,475				
The Debt Service for Blended Component Unit Fund	transferred to the C	apital Facilities Fund						
for refinance charges			\$	238,375				
The Debt Service for Blended Component Unit Fund	transferred to the G	eneral Fund for						
refinance charges				16,100				
Total			\$	254,475				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - ACCRUED PAYABLES

Payables at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

						Total					
				Capital	Go	overnmental			Governmental		
	Ge	neral Fund	Fa	cilities Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities		
Payroll	\$	143,994	\$	-	\$	3,457	\$	-	\$	147,451	
LCFF		323,440		-		-		-		323,440	
Vendors payable		777,825		9,571		24,555		-		811,951	
Workers' comp		47,211		-		-		-		47,211	
Owed to grantor		184,068		-		143		-		184,211	
Interest payable		-		-		-		131,000		131,000	
Other liabilities		14,702		-		-		-		14,702	
Total	\$	1,491,240	\$	9,571	\$	28,155	\$	131,000	\$	1,659,966	

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUES

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	General Fund
Federal sources	\$ 4,355
State sources	148,049
Total	\$ 152,404

NOTE 8-LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

8 - A. Long-Term Liabilities Summary

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Ba	lance					Ba	lance	Balanc	e Due
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	July	01, 2022	A	Additions	D	eductions	June	30, 2023	in One	e Year
Mello Roos Special Tax Bond	\$	3,866	\$	-	\$	245	\$	3,621	\$	250
Net Pension Liability ("NPL")		9,001		5,844		-		14,845		-
Net OPEB Obligation		73		-		12		61		-
Compensated absences payable		90		146		-		236		-
Certificates of participation payable		8,295		-		461		7,834		407
Leases payable		1,826		-		126		1,700		132
Plumas Lake Owner's Group		2,673		-		-		2,673		-
Discounts and deferred losses on										
debt refunding		(570)		-		(12)		(558)		-
Total	\$	25,254	\$	5,990	\$	832	\$	30,412	\$	789

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

8 - B. Mello Roos Special Tax Bonded Debt

In March of 2022 the District's CFD Nos. 1 & 2 refinanced the previously refinanced bonds. The difference in cash flow requirements between these two issues is a reduction of \$342,772 for CFD #1 and \$\$102,413 for SFD #2. This resulted in an economic loss, however, of \$84,000 which will be amortized over the life of the bonds.

				Bonds			
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Οι	ıtstanding		Outstanding
Date	Date	Rate	Issue	Jur	ne 30, 2022	Redeemed	June 30, 2023
 2022	2035	2.12%	\$ 2,979	\$	2,979	\$ 191	\$ 2,788
2022	2035	2.12%	887		887	54	833
				\$	3,866	\$ 245	\$ 3,621

The bonds mature through 2036 as follows:

(\$ Amounts in thousands)		CFD:	#1	CFI) #2	
Year Ending June 30,	Princi	Principal		Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	192	\$ 57	\$ 58	\$ 17	\$ 324
2025		193	53	56	16	318
2026		199	48	60	14	321
2027		205	45	59	13	322
2028		210	40	63	12	325
2029 - 2033	1	1,085	133	323	41	1,582
2034 - 2036		704	23	214	7	948
Totals	\$ \$ 2	2,788	\$ 399	\$ 833	\$ 120	\$ 4,140

8 - C. NPL and OPEB

The District's pension activities between the District and Cal STRS and Cal PERS for the year ended June 30, 2023, resulted in net pension obligations and other related balances. The District is also responsible for a plan offered by Cal STRS.

(\$ Amounts in thousands)	Cal STRS	Cal PERS	Total
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ (8,590)	\$ (6,255) \$	(14,845)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,438	2,744	6,182
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(1,057)	(127)	(1,184)
District's proportionate share of the OPEB plan	(61)	-	(61)
Effect on Net Position	\$ (6,270)	\$ (3,638) \$	(9,908)

See Note 9 for additional information regarding the pension plans and activities, and Note 10 for the OPEB plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

8 - D. Compensated Absence Balance

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2023, amounted to \$236000. The General Fund would be responsible for the liability.

8 - E. Certificates of Participation ("COPSs")

In June 2022 the Corporation refinanced the COPs. The difference in cash flow requirements between these two issues is a reduction of \$748,531. This resulted in an economic loss of \$486,000 which will be amortized over the life of the bonds.

					Bonds		Bonds
Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Oı	utstanding		Outstanding
 Date	Date	Rate	Issue	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Redeemed	June 30, 2023
 2022	2035	2.12%	2,979	\$	8,295	\$ 461	\$ 7,834

The bonds mature through 2040 as follows:

	(\$ Amounts in thousands) _		COP	
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2024		407	238	\$ 645
2025		433	225	658
2026		439	211	650
2027		454	197	651
2028		469	183	652
2029 - 2033		2,580	683	3,263
2034 - 2038		2,624	253	2,877
2039 - 2040		428	13	441
	Totals	\$ 7,834	\$ 2,003	\$ 9,837

8 - F. Leases Payable

On September 1, 2016, the District entered into a site lease agreement with the Public Property Financing Corporation of California (the Corporation) to fund the District's solar projects. The District is leasing District sites to the Corporation. During the lease, the corporation is providing site improvement which consist of solar panels and any construction needed (in association with the solar panels) at the three school sites. The capital lease has been funded by Clean Renewable Energy Bonds that were issued for \$2,194,000, with an annual interest rate of 3.33%. The bond debt service payments is the same schedule as the capital lease payment schedule.

In June 2021 the District entered into a five year lease agreement to lease eight copiers, for \$94,000 with a 2.18% annual interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

The lease payment schedules are as follows:

(\$ Amounts in thousands,		Solar 1	Pai	nels	Copiers				
Year Ending June 30,	Pr	incipal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Totals
2024	\$	113	\$	54	\$	19	\$	1	\$ 187
2025		120		50		19		1	190
2026		126		46		19		0	191
2027		133		42		2		0	177
2028		140		37		-		-	177
2029 - 2033		820		108		-		-	928
2034 - 2038		189		5		-		-	194
Totals	s \$	1,641	\$	342	\$	59	\$	2	\$ 2,044

8 - G. Plumas Lake Owner's Group

The District's development of the Rio Del Oro Elementary School was funded in part by the Plumas Lake Owners Group (PLOG). Upon completion of the school site, the District acquired a liability in the amount of \$7,014,232. The payment terms of the liability are that the District makes payments if there is adequate cash flow in the Capital Facilities Fund from developer fees. This liability is non-interest bearing. The District did not make any payments during the 2021-22 year. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2023 is \$2,673,000.

NOTE 9 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSIONS

9 - A. CalSTRS

Plan Description. CalSTRS administers a hybrid retirement system consisting of a defined benefit plan, two defined contribution plans, a postemployment benefit plan, and a fund used to account for ancillary activities associated with various deferred compensation plans and programs:

- ❖ State Teachers' Retirement Plan ("STRP")
- ❖ CalSTRS Pension 2
 - o 403(b) plan
 - o 457(b) plan
- ❖ Medicare Premium Payment ("MPP") Program
- ❖ Teachers' Deferred Compensation Fund ("TDCF")

CalSTRS provides pension benefits, including disability and survivor benefits, to California full-time and part-time public school teachers from pre-kindergarten through community college and certain other employees of the public school system. The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code § 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established these plans and CalSTRS as the administrator. The terms of the plans may be amended through legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

The STRP is a multiple employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit ("DB") Program, Defined Benefit Supplement ("DBS") Program, Cash Balance Benefit ("CBB") Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/acfr-2023.pdf.

Benefits Provided. The STRP DB Program is based on a formula set by law using your age, service credit and final compensation:

- ❖ CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012. At age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit or age 55 with five years of service credit.
- ❖ CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, At age 55 with at least five years of service.

The 2% refers to the percentage of your final compensation that you'll receive as a retirement benefit for every year of service credit, also known as the age factor. Other differences between the two benefit structures are final compensation, age factors, normal retirement age, creditable compensation cap and contribution rate. In addition, 2% at 62 members aren't eligible for benefit enhancements, the Reduced Benefit Election or the CalSTRS Replacement Benefits Program.

Member's Contribution Rates:

Effective Date	2% at 60 Members	2 % at 62 Members
July 1, 2016	10.25%	10.205%

Employer's Contribution Rates:

Effective data	D	per CalSTRS	Rate adjustment per	Takal naka
Effective date	Base rate	Funding Plan	special legislation	Total rate
July 1, 2021	8.250%	10.850%	(2.180%)	16.920%
July 1, 2022 –				
June 30, 2046	8.250%	10.850%	N/A	19.100%
July 1, 2046	8.250%	1	N/A	1

¹ The CalSTRS Funding Plan authorizes the board to adjust the employer contribution rate up or down by up to 1% each year, but no higher than 20.25% and no lower than 8.25%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

State's Contribution Rates:

		Supplemental rate per		
Effective date	Base rate	CalSTRS Funding Plan	SBMA funding ¹	Total
July 1, 2022 July 1, 2023 —	2.017%	6.311%	2.500%	10.828%
June 30, 2046	2.017%	2	2.500%	2
July 1, 2046	2.017%	3	2.500%	3

¹ The SBMA contribution rate excludes the \$72 million that is reduced from the required contribution in accordance with Education Code §22954.

STRP Contributions for DBS Program. For creditable service performed by DB Program members in excess of one year of service credit within one fiscal year, member contributions of either 8% (CalSTRS 2% at 60 members) or 9% (CalSTRS 2% at 62 members) and employer contributions of 8% are credited to the members' nominal DBS Program accounts (up to any applicable compensation cap). For CalSTRS 2% at 60 members only, member contributions of 8% and employer contributions of 8% for compensation as a result of limited-term payments or compensation determined to have been paid to enhance their DB Program benefits are also credited to DBS Program accounts.

STRP Contributions for CBB Program. Employers contribute 4.0% of applicable CBB Program participant salaries. Additionally, employers may enter into a collective bargaining agreement to pay different rates if certain minimum conditions are met.

Contributions to the pension plan from the District was \$1,734,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

(\$ Amounts in thousands)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,590
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	2,875
Total	\$ 11,465

The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023the District's proportion was as follows:

	Jun. 30, 2022	Jun. 30, 2021	Difference
Net Pension Liability Allocation Basis	0.0001236	0.0001218	0.0000018

² The board has limited authority to adjust state contribution rates annually through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation. The board cannot increase the rate by more than 0.5% in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, supplemental contribution rate imposed would be reduced to 0%.

³ From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining unfunded actuarial obligation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,020,000 and revenue of \$690,000 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of		De	ferred
				Infl	ows of
	(\$ Amounts in thousands)	Resc	ources	Res	ources
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$	-	\$	637
Changes of assumptions			426		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on per	sion				
plan investments			-		420
Changes in proportion and differences between District cont	ributions and				
and proportionate share of contributions			1,277		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date			1,735		_
Total		\$	3,438	\$	1,057

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(\$ Amounts in thousands)		
Year ended June 30,			
2024	\$	2,469	\$ 442
2025		323	475
2026		285	640
2027		245	(619)
2028		105	89
2029		11	30
Total	\$	3,438	\$ 1,057

Actuarial Assumptions and Discount Rate Information

Actuarial Assumptions. Significant actuarial methods and assumptions used in the financial reporting actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022, include:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Investment Rate of Return ³ 7.10% Consumer Price Inflation 2.75% Wage Growth 3.50%

Post-retirement Benefit Increases 2% simple for DB (annually) Maintain 85% purchasing power level for

DB Not applicable for DBS/CBB

¹ Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%, which was unchanged from prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers are made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases as disclosed previously. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term investment rate of return assumption was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Rate of Return 1
Public Equity	42.0%	4.8%
Real Estate	15.0%	3.6%
Private Equity	13.0%	6.3%
Fixed Income	12.0%	1.3%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10.0%	1.8%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	3.3%
Cash/Liquidity	2.0%	(0.4%)

¹ 20-years average

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. Presented below is the net pension liability of employer using the current discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Inc.			⅓ Increase	
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	(6.10%)		(7.10%)		(8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,5	88 \$	8,590	\$	3,609

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report. The components of the net pension liability (NPL) of the STRP for participating employers and the state (nonemployer contributing entity), are as follows (\$\mathbb{s}\$ in millions):

Total Pension Liability	\$ 369,542
Less: STRP Fiduciary Net Position	300,056
NPL of Employers and the State of California	\$ 69,486

STRP Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

9 - B. Cal PERS

Plan Description. The Schools Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan or PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS or the System). Plan membership consists of nonteaching and noncertified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California. The Plan excludes school safety members who participate either in the agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan or the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS, depending on the number of active members.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to nonteaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2023.pdf.

Benefits Provided. The Service Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation.

- ❖ The *benefit factor* for classic members comes from the 2% at 55 benefit factor table. PEPRA members hired on or after January 1, 2013 are subject to the 2% at 62 benefit factor table.
- The years of service is the amount credited by CalPERS to a member while he or she is employed in this group (or for other periods that are recognized under the employer's contract with CalPERS). For a member who has earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance. Any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement will be converted to credited service at the rate of 0.004 years of service for each day of sick leave.
- ❖ The *final compensation* is the monthly average of the member's highest 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay (no matter which CalPERS employer paid this compensation). For new PEPRA members hired after January 1, 2013 final compensation is based on the monthly average of the member's highest 36 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay. PEPRA members have a cap on the annual salary that can be used to calculate final compensation for all new members based on the Social Security Contribution and Benefit Base.
- ❖ The employees in this plan may or may not be covered by Social Security. For employees with service prior to January 1, 2001 covered by Social Security, the final compensation is offset by \$133.33 (or by one-third if, the final compensation is less than \$400). For PEPRA members, the final compensation is not offset.

Contributions. CalPERS required employer contributions to be 25.37% of payroll. The report also reported an employee contribution rate of 7.0% for classic and PEPRA. Contributions to the pension plan from the District was \$946,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. At, the District reported a liability of \$6,255,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was as follows:

 Jun. 30, 2022
 Jun. 30, 2021
 Difference

 Net Pension Liability Allocation Basis
 0.0001818
 0.0001700
 0.0000119

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023,, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,194,000. At June 30, 2023, , the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	O	utflows of	I	nflows of
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	I	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	127
Changes of assumptions		463		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment		739		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		596		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		946		
Total	\$	2,744	\$	127

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	(\$ Amounts in thousands)		
Year ended June 30,			
2024	\$ 1,54	-3 \$	28
2025	49	5	52
2026	25	6	47
2027	45	0	_
Total	\$ 2,74	4 \$	127

Actuarial Methods, Assumptions, and Discount Rate Information

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The collective total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Investment rate of return	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table 1	Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds
Post-Retirement Benefit Increase	2.0% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on purchasing
	power applies, 2.30% thereafter

¹ The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class 1	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10 1,2
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30.00 %	4.45 %
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12.00	3.84
Private Equity	13.00	7.28
Treasury	5.00	0.27
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00	0.50
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00	1.56
High Yield	5.00	2.27
Emerging Market Debt	5.00	2.48
Private Debt	5.00	3.57
Real Assets	15.00	3.21
Leverage	(5.00)	(0.59)

¹An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF B was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability...

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the collective net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,037	\$ 6,255	\$ 3,958	

² Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The components of the employers' collective net pension liability related to the Plan as of June 30, 2021 (\$\mathbb{s}\$ in thousands):

Total pension liability	\$113,794,594
Less: Plan fiduciary net position	79,385,509
Net Pension Liability of Employers	\$ 34,409,085

Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability

69.76%

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (Cal STRS)

Plan Description. CalSTRS administers a postemployment benefit plan Medicare Premium Payment ("MPP") Program. The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan ("OPEB") established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund ("THBF").

Benefits Provided. The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the STRP DB Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A.

Contributions. The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly contributions, by Districts in the retirement system. In accordance with California *Education Code* §25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program. Total contributions directed to the MPP Program for year 2021-22 was \$26.4 million. The MPP Program contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2022, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the California State Treasurer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The calculations contained in this analysis have been performed using the results of the June 30, 2021 Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program actuarial funding, with certain revisions to assumptions as required by GASB 74 and 75 and described later in this report. The liabilities have been projected to June 30, 2022 and combined with the actual Teachers' Health Benefit Fund (THBF) assets of June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$61,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The District's proportion was as follows:

	Jun. 30, 2022	Jun. 30, 2021	Difference
Net OPEB Liability Allocation Basis	0.0001855	0.0001831	0.0000024

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of (\$12,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Actuarial Methods, Assumptions, and Discount Rate Information

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date.

Valuation DateJune 30, 2021Measurement DateJune 30, 2022Actuarial Cost MethodIndividual Entry ageInflation2.75%

Discount Rate 3.54%

Medicare Part A and B Premium Costs Trend Rate

See Medicare Costs Trend Rate

Discount Rate. The MPP Program benefits are effectively funded on a pay-as-you-go basis through the THBF. As the THBF has effectively been depleted as of the measurement date, the discount rate has been set to the municipal bond index because the expected long-term rate of return of the invested assets is not expected to be materially better than the municipal bond index rate. We have used a discount rate of 3.54% for June 30, 2022. The discount rates are based on the municipal bond index previously discussed.

Medicare costs trend rate. The June 30, 2019, valuation uses the 2020 Medicare Part A and Part B premiums as the basis for future premium calculations. Future premiums are assumed to increase with a medical trend rate that varies by year, as shown in the following table:

	Assumed Annual Increase			
Years 1	Part A	Part B		
2019 – 2028	4.3%	5.5%		
2029 - 2038	5.0%	5.1%		
2039 - 2048	4.9%	4.5%		
2019 & Later	4.3%	4.4%		

¹ Trend rates indicate medical inflation in the specific year and therefore affect the premiums for the following year. For example, the projected 2022-2023 premium is the 2021-2022 premium increased by the assumed 2021-2022 trend rate.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rates. Presented below is the net OPEB liability of employers using the current discount rate as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrea	se	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	(2.54%)			(3.54%)		(4.54%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	67	\$	61	\$	56

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Cost Trend Rates. Presented below is the net OPEB liability of employers using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are 1% lower and 1% higher than the current rate:

		Medicare Cost	s
(\$ Amounts in thousands)	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 56	\$ 61	\$ 67

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, but there are effectively NO assets in the trust, as noted below. The components of the net OPEB liability of the MPP Program for participating employers as of June 30, 2022, are as follows (\$\setminus\$ in millions):

Total OPEB liability	\$396
Less: MPP Program fiduciary net position	(3)
Net OPEB liability of employers	\$399
MPP Program fiduciary net position as a % of the total OPEB liability	(0.92%)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance components at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

				Debt Service		
			Capital	for Blended	Non-Major	Total
			Facilities	Component	Governmental	Governmental
	General Fur	ıd	Fund	Unit Fund	Funds	Funds
Non-spendable						
Non-restricted						
Reserve for revolving cash	\$ 5,10	00 \$	-	\$ -	\$ 500	\$ 5,600
Reserve for prepaid expendit	57,94	10	-	-	-	57,940
Total Nonspendable	63,04	10	-	_	500	63,540
Spendable						
Restricted						
Educational programs						
Federal		-	-	-	1,030,464	1,030,464
State	2,824,40	55	-	-	-	2,824,465
Local	332,74	1	-	-	-	332,741
ASBs		-	-	-	50,000	50,000
Capital projects						
Developer fees		-	6,458,796	-	-	6,458,796
Debt service		-	-	3,044,002	-	3,044,002
Total Restricted	3,157,20)6	6,458,796	3,044,002	1,080,464	13,740,468
Committed						
COP Payment	645,42	24	-	-	-	645,424
Deferred maintenance		-	-	-	823,299	823,299
Total Committed	645,42	24	-	-	823,299	1,468,723
Assigned						
Lottery	119,10)4	-	-	-	119,104
Increased staffing	1,970,29)2	-	-	-	1,970,292
Capital projects		-	-	-	1,851	1,851
Total Assigned	2,089,39	96	-	-	1,851	2,091,247
Unassigned						
Economic uncertainties	1,187,20	51	-	-	-	1,187,261
Total	\$ 7,142,32	27 \$	\$ 6,458,796	\$ 3,044,002	\$ 1,906,114	\$ 18,551,239

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than two months of general fund operating expenditures, or 17 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

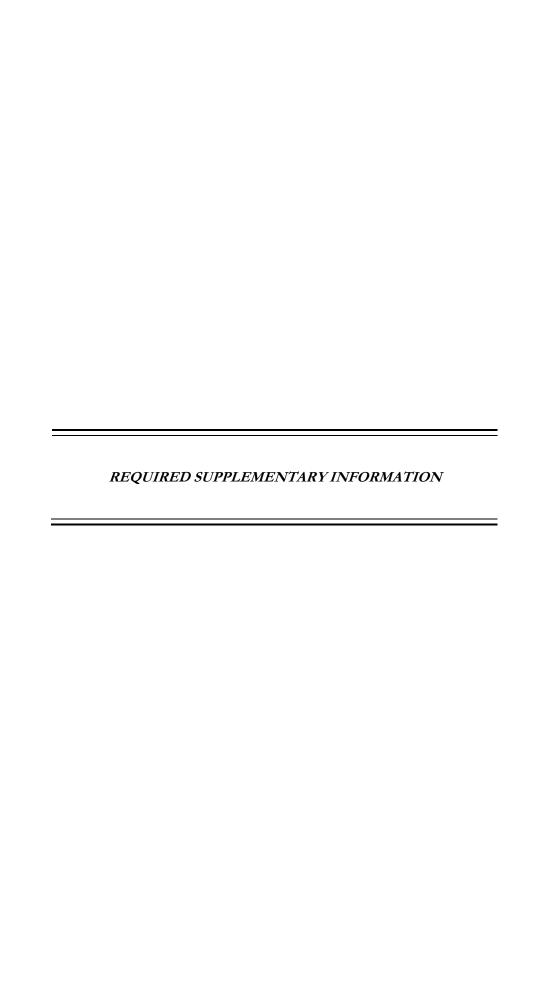
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

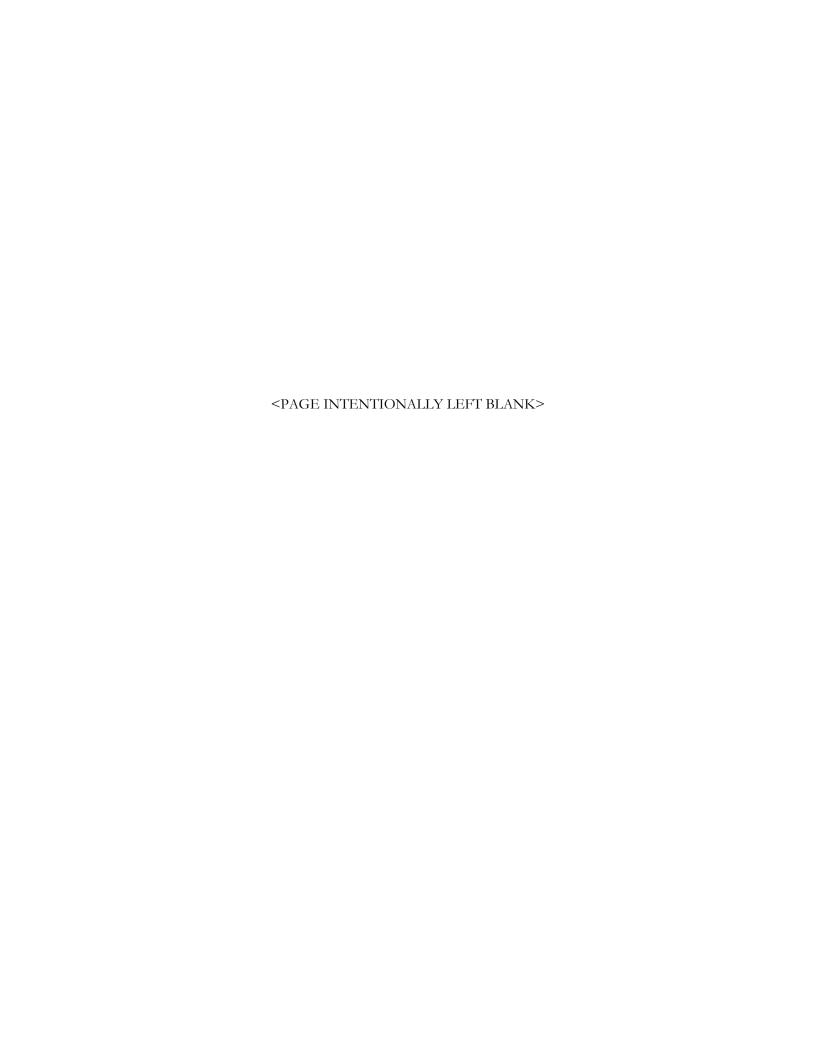
NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN A JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

The District is a member of two joint powers authorities ("JPAs"). The first is the Tri-County Schools Insurance Group ("TCSIG") to provide health, dental, vision, and life insurance, to the District's certificated and classified employees. Additionally, TCSIG provides property and liability insurance up to \$5,000,000 and provides workers' compensation insurance. The second is the School Excess Liability Fund ("SELF") to provide liability and property insurance in excess of \$5,000,000. The relationships are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these financial statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended, June 30, 2023 the District made payments of \$1,739,779 (Health, Dental, Vision), \$202,200 (Workers' Comp), \$29,775 and \$346,741 to SELF and TCSIG, respectively.





GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Variances -
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive / (Negative)
	Duagetea	Timounts		Final to
	Original	Final	Actual	Actual
REVENUES				
LCFF sources				
Principal apportionment	\$ 12,423,754	\$ 14,521,831	\$ 14,538,089	\$ 16,258
County & district taxes	1,320,020	1,542,074	1,865,513	323,439
LCFF transfers	(183,990)	(207,850)	(221,018)	(13,168)
Federal revenue	1,867,209	1,964,054	1,954,284	(9,770)
Other state revenue	725,292	4,342,643	4,740,662	398,019
Other local revenue	1,394,961	1,633,535	1,587,286	(46,249)
Total Revenues	17,547,246	23,796,287	24,464,816	668,529
EXPENDITURES				_
Certificated salaries	8,658,877	9,719,986	9,635,735	84,251
Classified salaries	2,877,631	3,503,744	3,450,063	53,681
Benefits	4,153,993	5,431,673	5,239,976	191,697
Supplies	706,087	1,052,914	906,907	146,007
Services and other operating expenditures	1,551,036	2,193,283	2,039,278	154,005
Capital outlay	112,688	50,000	186,947	(136,947)
Other outgo (excluding Transfers of Indirect Costs)	369,526	630,198	677,105	(46,907)
Other outgo - Transfers of Indirect Costs	(30,818)	(35,614)	(34,237)	(1,377)
Total Expenditures	18,399,020	22,546,184	22,101,774	444,410
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				_
Over Expenditures	(851,774)	1,250,103	2,363,042	1,112,939
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Interfund transfers	24,500	24,500	16,100	(8,400)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(827,274)	1,274,603	2,379,142	1,104,539
Beginning balance	4,763,185	4,763,185	4,763,185	
Ending Balance	\$ 3,935,911	\$ 6,037,788	\$ 7,142,327	\$ 1,104,539

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Cal STRS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.012%	0.012%	0.011%	0.011%	0.010%	0.010%	0.009%	0.009%	0.009%
(\$ Amounts in thousands)									
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,590	\$ 5,545	\$ 11,132	\$ 9,543	\$ 9,413	\$ 9,217	\$ 7,672	\$ 6,336	\$ 5,100
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability									
associated with the District	2,875	1,856	3,787	3,369	3,427	3,424	2,783	2,192	1,955
Total	\$ 11,465	\$ 7,401	\$ 14,919	\$ 12,912	\$ 12,840	\$ 12,641	\$ 10,455	\$ 8,528	\$ 7,055
District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	7,247	6,519	6,131	5,823	5,358	4,758	4,387	3,913	3,744
as a percentage of its covered payroll	119%	85%	182%	164%	176%	194%	175%	162%	136%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	87%	72%	73%	71%	70%	74%	77%	76%
Cal PERS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$\int Amounts in thousands)	0.018%	0.017%	0.015%	0.014%	0.014%	0.013%	0.013%	0.013%	0.013%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,255	\$ 3,456	\$ 4,597	\$ 3,960	\$ 3,672	\$ 3,112	\$ 2,547	\$ 1,946	\$ 1,484
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,790	\$ 2,450	2,157	1,881	1,817	1,661	1,536	1,462	1,374
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	224%	141%	213%	211%	202%	187%	166%	133%	108%
pension liability	70%	81%	70%	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%	83%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Cal STRS	2	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,735	\$ 1,226	\$ 1,053	\$ 1,048	\$ 948	\$ 773	\$ 672	\$ 511	\$ 390
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,735)	(1,226)	(1,053)	(1,048)	(948)	(773)	(672)	(511)	(390)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 						
District's covered payroll	\$	9,080	\$ 7,247	\$ 6,519	\$ 6,131	\$ 5,823	\$ 5,358	\$ 5,341	\$ 4,758	\$ 4,3 87
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19%	17%	16%	17%	16%	14%	13%	11%	9%
Cal PERS	2	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	946	\$ 639	\$ 507	\$ 425	\$ 340	\$ 282	\$ 231	\$ 182	\$ 172
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(946)	(639)	(507)	(425)	(340)	(282)	(231)	(182)	(172)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _						
District's covered payroll	\$	3,729	\$ 2,790	\$ 2,450	\$ 2,157	\$ 1,881	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,661	\$ 1,536	\$ 1,462
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		25%	23%	21%	20%	18%	16%	14%	12%	12%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

	,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's Proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		61,000	73,000	62,000	61,000	60,000	66,000
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability		0.019%	0.018%	0.017%	0.016%	0.016%	0.016%
Covered Payroll ¹	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
District Has No Assets Accumulated in a Trust to Pay Related Benefits							

The District makes no contributions to the plan. Rather, CalSTRS siphons benefit payments from all the school districts' regular pension contributions.

Covered Payroll 1

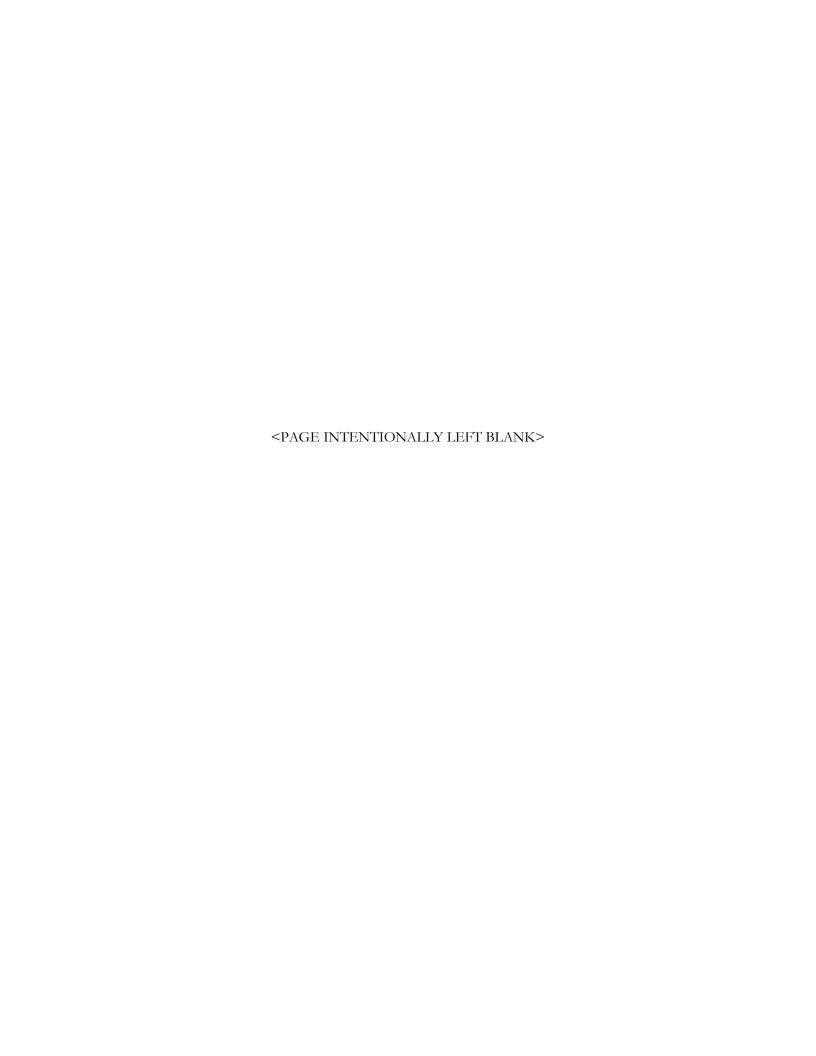
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll

District Has No Material Assets Accumulated in a Trust to Pay Related Benefits

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year

¹ Defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based, but for CalSTRS OPEB there are no contributions based on payroll





PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Assistance	Pass- Through	
	Listing	Entity	
	Number	Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	("ALN")	Number	Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Federal Impact Aid (ESEA, Title VIII)	84.041	DF	\$ 27,592
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE):			
Every Student Suceeds Act ("ESSA"):			
Title I, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	71,859
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	24,045
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	6,102
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	15396	10,000
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):			
ESSER II Fund	84.425	15547	399,507
ESSER III Fund	84.425	15559	718,455
ESSER III Fund: Learning	84.425U	10155	179,614
ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618	3,380
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO)			
ELO Grant GEER III, State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	31,516
ELO Grant GEER III, State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621	93,556
Total ESF			1,426,028
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) [1]:			
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 611, Local Assistance Entitlement [1]	84.027	15638	54,457
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec.611, Local Assistance Private School [1]	84.027	10169	525
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 619, Preschool Grants [1]	84.173	15639	7,863
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611 [1]	84.027	13379	295,840
Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs [1]	84.027	10115	1,319
Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5) [1]	84.173	13430	12,965
Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B,			
Sec 611 [1]	84.027A	15197	15,552
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619 [1]	84.173A	13431	136
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Total [1]			388,657
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,954,283

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	("ALN")	Number	Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	DF	55,129
Passed through CDE:			
Child Nutrition Cluster [1]:			
NSL Sec 4 [1]	10.555	13523	142,390
NSL Sec 11 [1]	10.555	13524	209,574
School Breakfast Basic [1]	10.553	13525	6,582
School Breakfast Needy [1]	10.553	13526	120,530
School Programs (e.g., School Lunch, School Breakfast, Milk) [1]	10.555	13755	9,404
Child Nutrition Cluster Total [1]			488,480
CACFP COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement	10.558	15577	104,318
Pandemic EBT Local Administrative Grant	10.649	15644	
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			647,927
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 2,602,210

[1] - Major Program

DF - Direct Funded

No amount provided to subrecipients

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Second Period Attendance Report	Annual Attendance Report
Regular ADA		
TK / K -3	679	688
Grades 4 - 6	489	492
Grades 7-8	287	289
Total Regular ADA	1,455	1,469
Extended Year Special Education		
TK / K -3	0	0
Grades 4 - 6	0	0
Grades 7-8	0	0
Total Extended Year Special Education	1	1
Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian		
TK / K -3	0	0
Grades 4 - 6	3	3
Grades 7-8	0	0
Total Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian	3	3
Total ADA	1,459	1,473

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Education Code			
	§ 46207(a)		Number of	
	Minutes'	Current Year	Instructional	
Grade Level	Requirements	Minutes	Days Offered	Status
Kindergarten	36, 000	58,220	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	57,250	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	57,250	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	57,390	180	Complied
Grade 4	54, 000	57,390	180	Complied
Grade 5	54, 000	57,390	180	Complied
Grade 6	54, 000	63,795	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	63,795	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	63,795	180	Complied

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	20	24 (Budget)	2023	2022	2021
GENERAL FUND:					
Revenues	\$	21,715,089 \$	24,464,816	\$ 17,651,412 \$	16,009,311
Transfers in		24,500	16,100	110,262	16,222
Tota	l	21,739,589	24,480,916	17,761,674	16,025,533
Expenditures		23,580,703	22,101,774	17,623,931	15,374,457
Other uses and transfers out		-	_	-	
Tota	l	23,580,703	22,101,774	17,623,931	15,374,457
INCREASE/(DECREASE)					
IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(1,841,114) \$	2,379,142	\$ 137,743 \$	651,076
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	5,301,213 \$	7,142,327	\$ 4,763,185 \$	4,625,442
AVAILABLE RESERVES	\$	1,414,842 \$	1,187,261	\$ 2,391,124 \$	3,062,074
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A					
PERCENTAGE OF OUTGO		6%	5%	14%	20%
LONG-TERM DEBT		NA \$	30,970,000	\$ 25,825,000 \$	32,779,000
AVERAGE DAILY					
ATTENDANCE AT P-2		1,459	1,459	1,341	1,323

The General Fund balance has increased by \$2,516,885 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-24 budget projects a decrease of \$1,841,114 (twenty-six percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

Total long term obligations have decreased by \$1,809,000 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 136 ADA over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2023-24.

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

									Special		Capital				
									Reserve Fund		P	Project for		Debt Service	
			(Cafeteria		Deferred		Capital		for Capital		Blended		for Blended	
				Special		Maintenance		Facilities		Outlay		Component		Component	
FUND BALANCE	Ge	neral Fund	Rev	venue Fund		Fund		Fund		Projects	τ	nit Fund	τ	Init Fund	
Balance, June 30, 2023, Unaudited Actuals:	\$	7,281,172	\$	1,042,666	\$	834,046	\$	6,579,594	\$	1,779	\$	118	\$	3,099,776	
Increase in:															
Accounts receivable		50,200		2,700		4,2 00		41,800		-		-		20,200	
Decrease in:															
Cash in county valuation		(189,045)		(14,402)		(14,947)		(162,598)		(43)		(3)		(75,974)	
Audited financial statement	\$	7,142,327	\$	1,030,964	\$	823,299	\$	6,458,796	\$	1,736	\$	115	\$	3,044,002	

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

District has not sponsored any charter schools

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

									C	apital Project		
	Stud	dent Activity		Cafeteria		Deferred	S_{I}	pecial Reserve	:	for Blended		Non-Major
	Spec	cial Revenue	Sp	ecial Revenue	N	Maintenance	Fu	ınd for Capital		Component	G	overnmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund	О	utlay Projects		Unit Fund		Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and equivalents	\$	50,000	\$	576,741	\$	598,081	\$	1,736	\$	115	\$	1,226,673
Accrued receivables		-		513,453		4,2 00		-		-		517,653
Due from other funds		-		3,162		221,018		-				224,180
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	50,000	\$	1,093,356	\$	823,299	\$	1,736	\$	115	\$	1,968,506
LIABILITIES												
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	28,155	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,155
Due to other funds		-		34,237		-		-		-		34,237
Total Liabilities		-		62,392		-		-		-		62,392
FUND BALANCE												
Nonspendable		-		500		-		-		-		500
Restricted		50,000		1,030,464		-		-		-		1,080,464
Committed		-		-		823,299		-		-		823,299
Assigned		-		_		_		1,736		115		1,851
Total Fund Balance		50,000		1,030,964		823,299		1,736		115		1,906,114
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FU	N \$	50,000	\$	1,093,356	\$	823,299	\$	1,736	\$	115	\$	1,968,506

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

									Capital 1	Project		
	Stud	lent Activity		Cafeteria		Deferred	S	pecial Reserve	for Ble	nded	N	on-Major
	Spec	cial Revenue	Sp	ecial Revenue	M	laintenance	Fu	und for Capital	Compo	nent	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund	C	Outlay Projects	Unit I	Fund		Funds
REVENUES												
LCFF sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,018
Federal sources		-		839,496		-		-		-		839,496
Other state sources		-		1,071,976		-		-		-		1,071,976
Other local sources		164,068		9,190		(3,884))	(21)		(2)		169,351
		164,068		1,920,662		217,134		(21)		(2)		2,301,841
EXPENDITURES								` ,				
Current												
Pupil Services												
Food services		-		1,338,975		-		-		-		1,338,975
General Administration												
All other general administration		-		34,237		-		-		-		34,237
Plant services		-		-		188,850		-		-		188,850
Ancillary services		179,649		-		-		-		-		179,649
Total Expenditures		179,649		1,373,212		188,850		-		-		1,741,711
NET CHANGE IN												
FUND BALANCE		(15,581)		547,450		28,284		(21)		(2)		560,130
Beginning balance		65,581		483,514		795,015		1,757		117		1,345,984
Ending balance	\$	50,000	\$	1,030,964	\$	823,299	\$	1,736	\$	115	\$	1,906,114

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), as applicable.

There are no balances of loan or loan guarantee programs ("loans") outstanding at the end of the audit period. The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

Schedule of ADA

Displays ADA data for both the Second Period and Annual reports, by grade span and program as appropriate; and separately for each charter school, shows the total ADA and the ADA generated through classroom-based instruction by grade span, as appropriate; and if there are any ADA adjustments due to audit findings, displays additional columns for the Second Period and Annual reports reflecting the final ADA after audit finding adjustments, shown by grade span.

Schedule of Instructional Time

Displays, for school districts, including basic aid districts, data that show whether the district complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the Education Code; showing by grade level:

- 1) The number(s) of instructional minutes specified in Education Code section 46207(a);
- 2) For all districts, the instructional minutes offered during the year audited showing the school with the lowest number of minutes offered at each grade level;
- 3) For all districts, the number of instructional days offered during the year audited on the traditional calendar and on any multitrack year-round calendars; and whether the district complied with the instructional minutes and day's provisions.
- 4) For charter schools, data that show whether the charter school complied with Education Code sections 47612 and 47612.5; showing by grade level the number(s) of instructional minutes specified in Education Code section 47612.5; the instructional minutes offered during the year audited showing the school location with the lowest number of minutes offered at each grade level; the number of instructional days offered during the year audited on the traditional calendar and on any multitrack calendars; and whether the charter school complied with the instructional minutes and days provisions.
- 5) For school districts and charter schools that received a Form J-13A approval, list the actual minutes and days in the instructional minutes and days offered columns, add columns that list the credited minutes and days per the approved Form J-13A and the total minutes and days offered, adding the actual offering to the amount of minutes and days credited per the approved Form J-13A. Include a footnote stating that the school district or charter school received an approved J-13A identifying number or days and minutes approved.

PLUMAS LAKE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, Continued JUNE 30, 2023

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

Displays information regarding the auditee's financial position and going concern status, in the form of actual financial and attendance figures for at least the most recent three-year period (ending with the audit year), plus the current year's budget, for the following items: general fund financial activity, including total revenue, expenditures, and other sources and uses; general fund balance; available reserve balances (funds designated for economic uncertainty, and any other remaining undesignated fund balance) within the general fund or special reserve fund; available reserve balances expressed as a percentage of total general fund outgo (expenditures, transfers out, and other uses), including a comparison to the applicable state-recommended available reserve percentage; total long-term debt; and elementary and secondary second principal ADA; and, when the auditee's percentage of available reserves to total general fund outgo is below the state-recommended percentage, management's plans for increasing the auditee's available reserve percentage.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

Displays the differences between the ending fund balance(s) from the audited financial statements and the unaudited ending fund balance(s) from the annual financial and budget report for each fund in which a variance occurred.

Schedule of Charter Schools

Listing all charter schools chartered by the school district or county office of education. For each charter school, include the charter school number and indicate whether or not the charter school is included in the school district or county office of education audit.

Combining Statements - Non-Major Governmental Funds

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

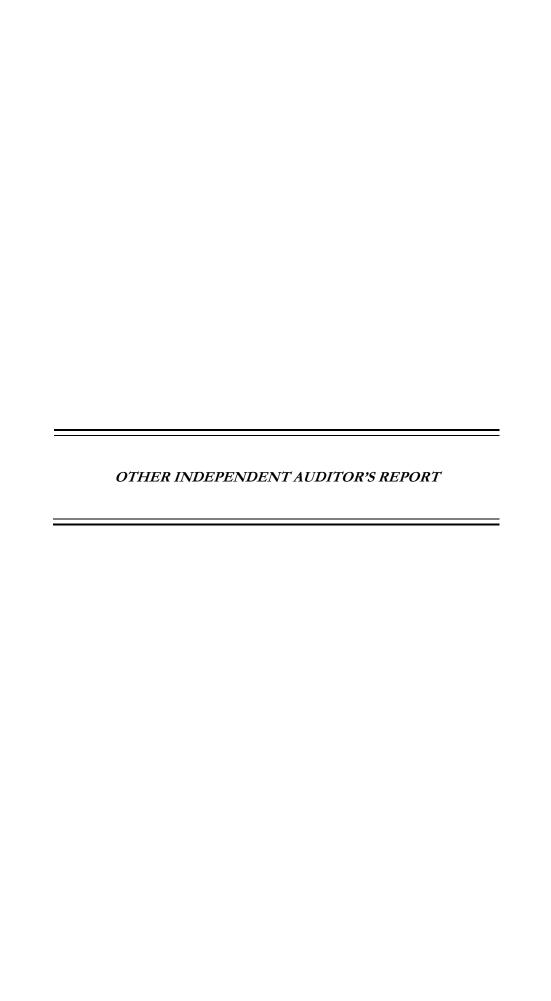
Local Education Agency Organization Structure

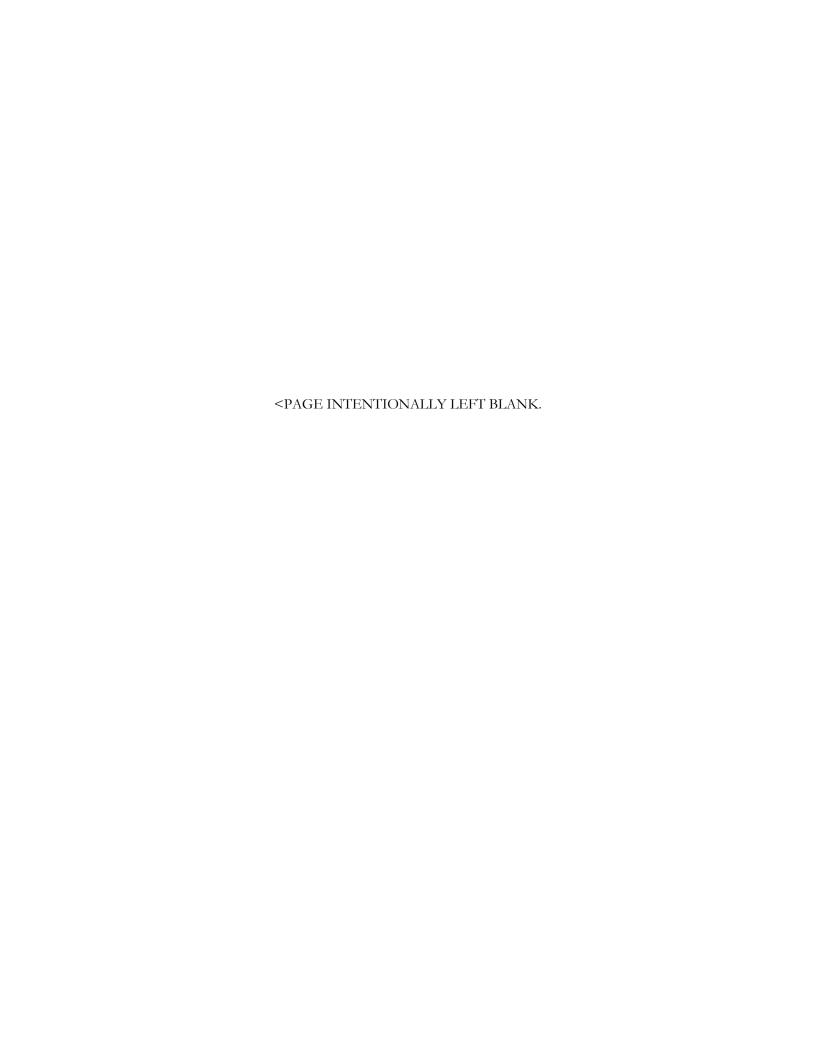
LEA Organization Structure, setting forth the following information, at a minimum:

- 1) The date on which the LEA was established, and for charter schools the date and granting authority of each charter;
- 2) The date and a general description of any change during the year audited in a school district's boundaries;
- 3) The numbers by type of schools in the LEA;
- 4) The names, titles, terms, and term expiration dates of all members of the governing board; and
- 5) The names, with their titles, of the superintendent, chief business official, and deputy/associate/assistant superintendents.

This schedule is located in the front of the report.









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plumas Lake Elementary School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Plumas Lake Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2023.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Plumas Lake Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. The reported noncompliance are the audit adjustments with the amounts in the accompanying Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 15, 2023





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Plumas Lake Elementary School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Plumas Lake Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Plumas Lake Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Plumas Lake Elementary School District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- * Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ❖ Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- ❖ Obtain an understanding of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Plumas Lake Elementary School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 15, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Plumas Lake Elementary School District Plumas Lake, California

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Opinion on State Compliance

We have examined Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting ("the State Audit Guide"), prescribed by the California Code of Regulation, Title 5 §19810, et seq., applicable to Plumas Lake Elementary School District's state compliance requirements as listed on the next pages for the year ended June 30, 2023..

In our opinion, Plumas Lake Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the applicable programs from the State Audit Guide, as listed on the next page during the year-ended June 30, 2023.

Emphasis-of-Matter

As a result of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' ("AICPA") issuance of Statement of Audit Standard No. 141, the State Controller's Office issued an illustrative example for the *Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance*, which included a reference to internal control testing. However, the 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting sites no requisite internal controls or an internal control framework Local Education Agencies ("LEA") are to follow. As such, it would be inappropriate for the auditor to test and express an opinion on internal controls as it would relate to state compliance. Therefore, the auditor follows AT-C Section 315, Compliance Attestation.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether Plumas Lake Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether Plumas Lake Elementary School District complied with the specified requirements.

Responsibilities of Management for State Compliance

Management of Plumas Lake Elementary School District is responsible for the District's compliance with the specified requirements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Examination of State Compliance

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with specified requirements.



In connection with the audit referred to on the previous page, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Plumas Lake Elementary School District's compliance with the following items:

		PROCEDURES
PRO GRA	AM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Ed	ucation Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
A.	Attendance	Yes
В.	Teacher Certification And Misassignments	Yes
C.	Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
D.	Independent Study	Not Applicable ¹
E.	Continuation Education	Not Applicable ¹
F.	Instructional Time	Yes
G.	Instructional Materials	Yes
H.	Ratio Of Administrative Employees To Teachers	Yes
I.	Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
J.	Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable 1
K.	Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
L.	School Accountability Report Card	Yes
M .	Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable ¹
N.	Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable ¹
Ο.	K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
P.	Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Q.	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable ¹
R.	Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
s.	District of Choice	Not Applicable ¹
TT.	Home To School Transportation Reimbursement	Not Applicable ¹
UU.	Independent Study Certification For ADA Loss Mitigation	Not Applicable ¹

¹ District does not have this program or is otherwise not applicable to the District.

PRO GRA	PROCEDURES PERFORMED		
School D			
Т.	California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Not Applicable 1	
U.	After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable 1	
V.	Proper Expenditure Of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes	
W.	Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes	
Χ.	Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes	
Υ.	Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable 1	
Z.	Immunizations	Not Applicable ¹	
ZA.	Educator Effectivness	Yes	
ZB.	Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Not Applicable 1	
ZC.	Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Not Applicable 1	
ZE.	Transitional Kindergaten	Yes	
Charter S	chools	Not Applicable ¹	

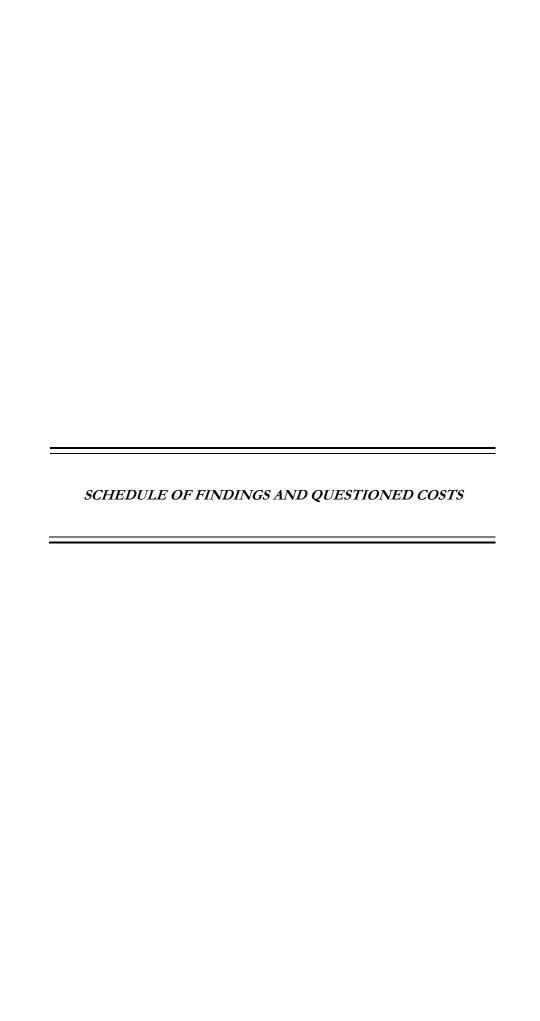
¹ District does not have this program or is otherwise not applicable to the District.

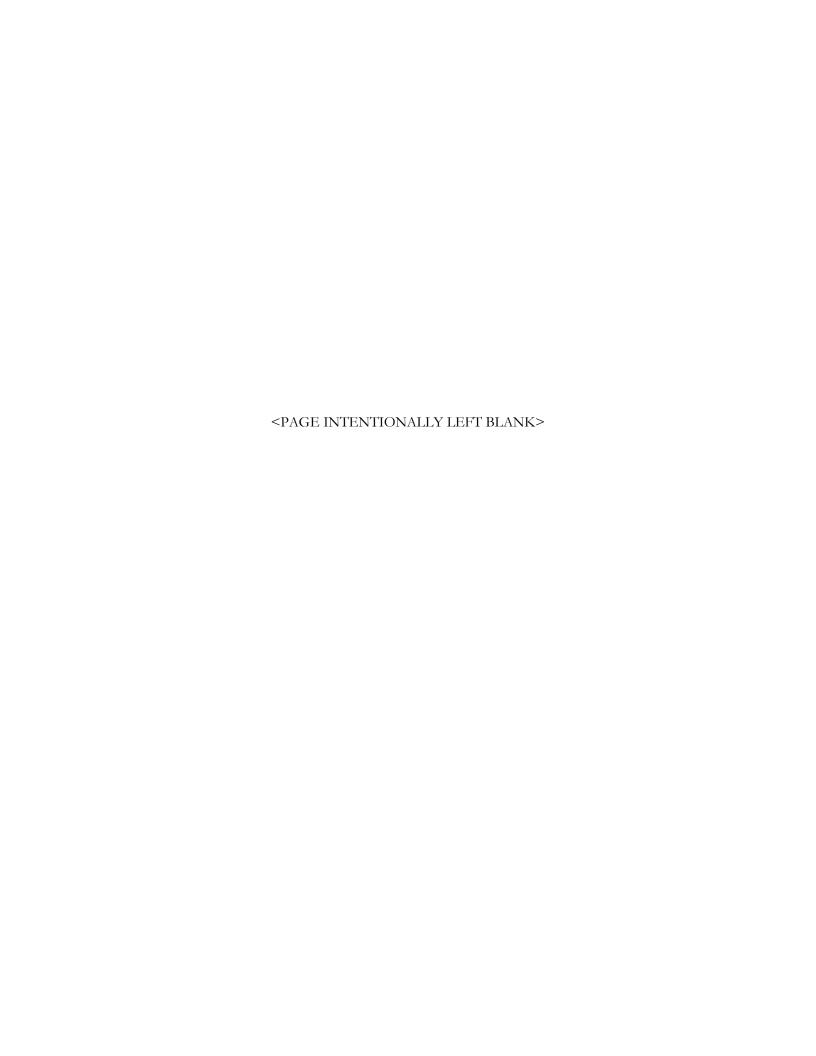
Ny Denne Decountances

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the State Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 15, 2023





SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMI	ENTS		
Type of auditor's report i	ssued on whether the financial statements audited		
were prepared in accor-	Unmodified		
Internal control over finar	ncial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) ic	No		
Significant deficiency(ies	s) identified?	None Reported	
Non-compliance material	Yes		
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major	or program(s):		
Material weakness(es) ic	No		
Significant deficiency(ies	None Reported		
Type of auditor's report i	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclos			
with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No		
Identification of major pr	rograms:		
AL Number	Name of Federal Program of Cluster		
10.553 & 10.555			
84.027 & 84.173			
Dollar threshold used to	\$ 750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-r	Yes		
STATE AWARDS			
Type of auditors' report i	Unmodified		

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

No Financial Statement Findings were noted in the current year.

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

No Federal Award Findings were noted in the current year.

STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

No State Award Findings were noted in the current year.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

No Findings were noted in the prior year.

